Science I tions : (i) Answer all Question (ii) In each of the Question 1 to 40, pick one of the correct or most appropriate. hich organelle given below cannot be seen in a 0 Cytoplasm (2) Vacuole hich of the following is not an element? hich of the following is not an element? <td< th=""><th>the alternatives (1), (2), (3 animal cells, but in plan (3) Nucleus (3) Steel (3) m⁻² s duct of photosynthesis?</th><th>One hour 3), (4) which you consider is t cells? (4) Mitochondrion (4) Sodium (4) m s⁻²</th></td<>	the alternatives (1), (2), (3 animal cells, but in plan (3) Nucleus (3) Steel (3) m ⁻² s duct of photosynthesis?	One hour 3), (4) which you consider is t cells? (4) Mitochondrion (4) Sodium (4) m s ⁻²
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hat is the first thing made in a plant leaf as a pro- Glucose (2) Starch	duct of photosynthesis?	
	(3) Sucrose	(4) Lipid
blour of phenolphthalein in a medium with hyd pink (2) yellow	lroxyl (OH⁻) ions is, (3) blue	(4) purple
lect the choice with scalar quantities only?Work and accelerationSpeed and weight	(2) Energy and power(4) Displacement and	er d pressure
ethod of dispersal of the seed shown in the dia animals (2) water wind (4) explosion	gram is,	
t-ups arranged by a student to collect two gases e given in the diagram. entify gases X and Y respectively. (a) H_2 and O_2 (b) O_2 and CO_2 (c) CO_2 and O_2 (c) O_2 and H_2		-X
e characteristic which helps differentiate the s quality (2) loudness	ame note played by two (3) frequency	musical instruments is, (4) pitch
 lect the instance where there is an unbalanced An object resting on a table A ball staying stationary when hung from a Movement of an object thrown vertically up Movement of a object along a straight path 	force act. string wards with constant velocity	
lect the answer which correctly gives the sciemenclature?	entific name of a mange	o species according to binomia
MANGIFERA INDICA	(2) Mangifera Indica(4) Mangifera indica	
	 O₂ and H₂ e characteristic which helps differentiate the so quality (2) loudness lect the instance where there is an unbalanced An object resting on a table A ball staying stationary when hung from a solution of an object thrown vertically up Movement of a object along a straight path where the answer which correctly gives the sciemenclature? MANGIFERA INDICA mangifera Indica 	O_2 and H_2 e characteristic which helps differentiate the same note played by two quality (2) loudness (3) frequency lect the instance where there is an unbalanced force act. An object resting on a table A ball staying stationary when hung from a string Movement of an object thrown vertically upwards Movement of a object along a straight path with constant velocity lect the answer which correctly gives the scientific name of a mange menclature? MANGIFERA INDICA (2) <i>Mangifera Indica</i> mangifera Indica (4) <i>Mangifera indica</i>



	- 3	-	
22.	Examples for some industrial processes are given	below.	
	A - Extraction of cinnamon oil		
	B - Extraction of salt from sea water		
	Which of the above use separating techniques?		
	which of the above use separating techniques? (1) A only (2) P only	(2) A and P only (4) A and C	only
	(1) A only (2) B only	(3) A and B only (4) A and C	only
		Γ	2Ω
23.	What is the total resistance of this circuit when the sy	witch S is closed (ON)?	
	$(1) 6\Omega$	$(2) 4\Omega$	S
	(3) 3 Ω	$(4) 2\Omega$	ŽΩ
			— HI
24.	pH value of the medium changes as food travels	along the digestive tract from mouth to	o oesophagus,
	stomach and small intestine. The order in which pl	H value changes from mouth to small in	testine is,
	(1) acidic, neutral, basic, acidic	(2) neutral, neutral, acidic, basic	
	(3) basic, neutral, acidic, neutral	(4) basic, basic, acidic, basic	
25			
23.	$XAI + YHCI \longrightarrow ZAICI_3 + 5H_2$	order are	
	(1) 2 3 6 (2) 2 6 3	(3) 3 6 2 $(4) 2 6 2$	
	(1) 2, 5, 5 (2) 2, 5, 5	(3) $3, 0, 2$ (1) $2, 0, 2$	
26.	A light rod suspended at the point C stays in equili	brium.	//// D
	What is the value of W ?	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2m}}$	
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		
		2311	VV
27.	How organisms can be classified as domains?		
	(1) Fungi, plantae, animalia	(2) Bacteria, protozoa, algae	
	(3) Eukarya, archaea, bacteria	(4) Bacteria, cyanobacteria, fungi	
28	A solution is prepared by dissolving 80 g of sodium	hydroxide in 360 g of water. What is the	mole fraction
20.	of sodium hydroxide? ($H = 1, O = 16, Na = 23$)	nydroxide in 500 g of water. What is the	mole maction
	(1) $\frac{1}{2}$ (2) $\frac{2}{2}$	(3) $\frac{2}{1}$ (4) $\frac{1}{1}$	
		(3) 9 (4) 4	
29.	Which graph shows the correct output waveform of	f the current obtained from the	X A D
	rectifying circuit shown in the diagram?		
	V↑ There	V	$ \searrow $
			K
	(1) $ V V t$	(2) $(\longrightarrow t) $	
	$V \wedge$	$V \uparrow$	
	$(3) \qquad \qquad$	$(4) \qquad \qquad$	
20	Which of the fallowing allocation menotonal available		
30.	(1) Menstruation proliferative phase	(2) Follicular phase secretory phase	
	(3) Follicular phase, luteal phase	(4) Proliferative phase, secretory p	hase
	(c) 1 onio ana praso, racan praso		
31.	The gas causing a bad smell in a water body with	eutrophication is,	
	(1) Hydrogen sulphide (2) Carbondioxide	(3) Nitrogen (4) Helium	
	· - •	-	
32.	Some harmful effects of environmental pollution a	re given below.	
	A - Death of aquatic organism		
	<i>B</i> - Dissolving of rocks like limestone		
	C - Changing of gas percentages in the ai	r	
	D - Eutrophication		
	Which of these are caused by acid rains?		
	(1) A and B only. (2) B and C only.	(3) A, B and C only. (4) All A, B ,	C and D .





(11)	According to the data given, what prediction can you make about the distribution of chron kidney disease?
(C) The bio	e diagram shows a sketch of the carbon cycle in the sphere. Carbon dioxide in the air (CO_2)
(i)	Name the process x. Plants $\frac{process(y)}{process(y)}$ process (y) Animals Combusting
(i)	Write a difference between the process x and the process y .

Meal P	Main food substance	Distance to the place of production (miles)				
Red rice Red rice		2 (His own Paddy Field)				
Potato curry	Potato	90 (Nuwara Eliya)				
Sambol	Coconut 80 (Anuradhapura)					
Papaw Papaw 0 (His Own garden)						
		AOA				
Meal Q	Main food substance	Distance to the place of production (miles)				
Basmati rice	Basmati rice	1720 (Pakistan)				
Potato curry	Potato	925 (India)				
Onion sambol	Onion	925 (India)				
Apple	Apple	4000 (Australia)				

(i)	Cal	culate the food mile for meals P and Q separately.
(ii)	(a)	According to the above values, which type of meals $(P \text{ and } Q)$ are more important for the development of a country?
	(b)	Write a reason for your answer.

	- 3 -							
2. (A)	The	diagram show	s a set up arranged to show that	carbon dioxide is produced in respiration.				
		Potassium – hydroxide sol	$P \qquad$	$P \xrightarrow{Q} P $				
	(i)	Which device	e should be connected to the end	"X" for the functioning of this set up?				
	(-)							
	(ii)	Even though defect in it. V	the device mentioned in (i) ab What is that defect?	ove is connected, this does not function due to a				
	(iii)	Write the pur	pose of each of the following us	ed in this set up after correcting the defect.				
		(a) Potassium	m hydroxide solution					
		(b) Colourle	ess limewater in flask <i>B</i>					
		(c) Colourle	ess limewater in flask D					
(B)	Giv	en below are s	some characteristics of invertebr	ates				
(2)	011	P Shell ma	de of calcium carbonate					
		1 Sheri made of calcium carbonate 0 Jointed legs						
		R Spiny bo	ody covering	alEduce				
		S Two-lay	ered body (diploblastic)	the Galer				
		T Chitinou	is exoskeleton	Mor War				
	$\langle \cdot \rangle$							
	(1)	Out of above	what are the characteristics sho	wn by grassnoppers?				
		•••••	An Materia					
	(ii)	Write the let invertebrates	ters of the characteristics not which show those characteristic	shown by grasshoppers and state the phylum of s				
		Letter	Phylum of invertebrates show	ring the relevant characteristic				
(C)	Sho	wn below are	electron, microscopic, diagrams	s of few organelles that can be seen in a cell.				
		X	Y	Ζ				
		Complete the	table regarding these two organ	nelles.				
		Organelle	Name of the organelle	Main function				
		X		Secretion and transport of substances				
		Y						

.....

Ζ

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					- 4 -			
3. (A)	Fou the	r set ups A factors aff	, <i>B</i> , <i>C</i> and <i>D</i> are ecting reaction r	arranged using ate. Their info	g calcium rmation	are given below.	e hydrochloric acid	l to study
		set up	Nature and ma carbo	ss of calcium nate	C hy	oncentration of drochloric acid	Temperature	
		A	50 g in pov	wdered form		1 mol dm ⁻³	30°C	l
		B	50 g in pov	wdered form		$2 mol dm^{-3}$	30°C	l
		C	50 g in pie	ces		$2 \operatorname{mol} \mathrm{dm}^{-3}$	30°C	l
		D	50 g in pov	vdered form $2 \mod dm^{-3}$ $60^{\circ}C$				
	(i)	Use the in	nformation give	above to comp	plete the	following table.		
		F	Pair of set ups	Which fac	ctor affec	ting the reaction rate	could be studied	
		(a)	A and B					
		(h)	B and C					
		(c)	B and D					
	(iii)	Write an	activity done to	identify the ga	is mentic	ned in (ii) above.		
(B)	The <i>P</i> , <i>Q</i>	table show Q and R . ('w metal	vs the results of /' shows that the with hot wat	experiments d e metal reacts er with s	one at th and 'x' s team	e laboratory compare hows it does not read with dilute acids	the reactivity thread	ee metals
		Р	×		tallo	\checkmark		
		Q	×	×		×		
		\sim R	V	Plant	V V			
	 (i) Arrange P, Q and R in descending order of their reactivity. (ii) Out of P, Q and R, which metal is below hydrogen in the activity series? 							
	(iii)	Which me	etal out of P, Q a	and <i>R</i> can be u	sed to gi	ve cathodic protection	on to iron?	
	•	The diag	am shows an ele	ectrochemical	cell.		2	
	<i>(</i>)			-1.1.1 1	A . 1 .	1.9		
	(1V)	Out of <i>P</i> :	and <i>R</i> which cou	11d be used as .	A electro	$\begin{array}{c} \text{de?} \\ \text{Electrode} \\ A \\ \hline - \\ - \\ - \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c} \hline \\ \hline $	ode
	(v)	At which takes plac 2H ⁺ (aq)	electrode does t ee? + 2e>	he following h H ₂ (g)	alf react	ion	H_2SO	4
	(vi)	Near which	ch electrode oxi	dation takes pl	ace?			

			- 5 -							
(C)	A s copp	tudent used the set up g per-plate a spoon	iven in the diagram to Bra:	\vec{P} \vec{Q}						
	(i)	Name a solution which con	Ild be used as X. spoo	on $-$ electrode $-$ Solution X						
	(ii)	Show in the diagram how P and Q .	to connect a cell between	<u> </u>						
4. (A)	The wire the (i)	set up arranged to study the set P, Q, R and S is given in same cross sectional area. The movable contact is ke P, Q, R and S . Relative br affecting the resistance are Complete the table.	the factors affecting resistance usin the diagram. Wires Q , R and S hav pt separately at the end of each win ightness and accordingly the factor noted down incompletely in a table	g nichrome P_{Q} wires $R = S$ Copper $H = S$ movable contact						
		Pair of wires used	Bulb glows brighter with the wire	Factor affecting resistance						
		P and Q	Р							
		and		Length of the wire						
		Q and S								
<i>(B)</i>	(ii) Diagrams show two instances where resistors are connected. Resistance of each resistor is R . State the total resistance in each instance. (a) $A \xrightarrow{R} R \\ B \xrightarrow{R} B$ (b) $A \xrightarrow{R} B \\ R \\ R \\ R \\ B \xrightarrow{R} B \\ R \\ R \\ B \xrightarrow{R} B \\ R \\$									
	(i)	State whether the magnet. P to Q or Q to P .	ic field in this set up is from	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S						
	(ii)	Name <i>R</i> and <i>T</i> .								
		<i>R</i>								
		<i>T</i>								
	(iii)	Why is it required to break	<i>c R</i> into two parts?							
	(iv)	(iv) State whether this motor rotates to the side of x or y when current is supplied.								
	(v) What happens to the direction of rotation of the motor when the current direction is reversed									
	(vi)	Select from AB, BC and C	D, the conductor on which the mag	netic force does not act.						
	(vii)	Write the reason for your a	answer in (vi).							
			**							



- (c) What is the defect occurring in pelvis or bladder if the process mentioned in (ii)(b) above takes place too much?
- 6. (A) Acids are used in laboratories and in kitchen for different purposes.
 - (i) Name a strong acid mostly used in the school laboratory and an acid found in the kitchen.
 - (ii) Some bottles without labels contain aqueous solutions of copper sulphate, potassium permanganate, hydrochloric acid and sodium hydroxide. A magnesium strip is put into each solution. Some observations made are given in the following table.

Solution	Colour of the solution	Does it react with magnesium?	Does the reaction produce gas?	
(a)	Blue	Yes	Yes	
Dilute hydrochloric acid	Colourless	Yes	(b)	
(c)	(d)	No	No	
Sodium hydroxide	Colourless	(e)	No	

Using data given in the table, Write the answers to (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

(a) -	(b) -	(e) -
(c) -	(d) -	

- (iii) Write the balanced chemical equation for the reaction between magnesium and dilute hydrochloric acid.
- (iv) pH values of some solutions are given in the following table.

Solution	A	В	С	D	Ε
pH value	7.5	6	1.5	3.5	10

- (a) Out of these, what is the strongly acidic solution?
- (b) Which colour litmus paper gives a colour change when immersed in that solution?
- (B) Atomic numbers of some elements are given in the following table. Use them to answer the questions given below. (A, B, C, D, E, F and G are not the standard symbols. Avogadro constant = 6.022×10^{23})

Element	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G
Atomic number	3	6	8	10	11	12	17

- (i) Which elements given in the table belong to the same group of the periodic table?
- (ii) Which element belongs to Period 2 and Group IV in the periodic table?
- (iii) Which element does **not** take part in any reaction?
- (iv) Write the electronic configuration of the element mentioned in (iii) above and explain why it does not take part in any reaction.
- (v) Which element reacts vigorously with cold water?
- (vi) Draw the Lewis structure of molecule formed by two atoms of G?
- (vii) Write the molecular formula of the compound formed by combination of F and G.
- (viii) Two atoms of C join and form a C_2 molecule. Relative molecular mass of C_2 is 32. Find the number of molecules in 16g of C_2 .



- (iii) Where is the object placed in front of lens A to get the image given?
- (iv) Name a practical instance where lens A forms an image as shown in the diagram
- (v) Write **two** properties of the image formed when the object O_1 is placed at X.
- (C) Two ways in which particles vibrate in mechanical waves are shown in the diagram.



- (i) What do you call the mechanical waves in which particles vibrate in the direction of C and D?
- (ii) State an instance where particles vibrate in the direction of *A* and *B*.
- (iii) Out of A-B and C-D, which shows the vibration of particles which propagates sound?
- (iv) Write **two** differences between the type of mechanical waves mentioned in (ii) above and electromagnetic waves.



- 10 -

9. (A) Liquid petroleum gas (LPG) mainly contains propane and butane which are alkenes.

- (i) Write the common molecular formula for alkenes taking the number of carbon atoms as n.
- (ii) Write the molecular formula of propane.
- (iii) Draw the structure of butane.
- (iv) Polythene is a complex molecule made by polymerization of a large number of ethene molecules. Its molecular formula is C_2H_4 . Diagram shows structural formula of ethene.

$$H C = C H$$

Accordingly, draw the repeating unit and polymer of polythene.

- (B) 50 cm^3 of sodium hydroxide and 50 cm^3 of hydrochloric acid of equal concentration were mixed. The reaction released *x*kJ of heat.
 - (i) According to the heat change, what type of a reaction is this?
 - (ii) Represent the above reaction by an energy level diagram.
- (C) Pile driver is used in tower foundation constructions.
 (i) Mass of the pile driver lifted is 2000 kg. Find its weight. (g = 10 m s⁻²)
 (ii) What is the strategy taken to minimize the wastage of energy as the pile driver strikes the tower?
 (iii) Crane lifts this pile driver 20 m in 100 seconds.
 - (a) Find the gravitational potential energy stored in the pile driver when lifted.
 - (b) What is the power of the crane?
 - (iv) What energy transformation takes place as the pile driver falls?
 - (v) If no energy is wasted, find the velocity of the pile driver when it falls on the tower.
 - (vi) Draw the velocity-time graph for the motion of the pile driver till it falls on the tower from the moment it was dropped.
